

VEIL AND COUPLES.

E. MONDAY, JANUARY 16, 1893.

Price Three Cents.

VOL. LX--NO. 13

IL. A COMPLETE BLOCKADE.

Share-A Snow Storm in the West Development into a Blizzard.
Women All Roads Impassable and Business Almost Suspended.

MICHIGAN CITY, Ind., Jan. 14. A blizzard set in late last night. All the roads are impassable and business is almost suspended. The snow has made the railroad blockade complete and all freight trains have been abandoned.

DES MOINES, Iowa, Jan. 14. A severe snow storm struck Des Moines last evening. The storm has played havoc with passenger traffic. Traffic has been retarded in all parts of the State.

MAY NOT RECOVER.
Judge Virgil Critically ill.
PORTLAND, Jan. 14. Hon. Wm. W. Virgil, one of the oldest Judges of Maine Supreme Court, is seriously ill with acute jaundice, and there is very little hope of his recovery.

THEY ALL FEEL IT.
The effects of the cold wave in Philadelphia.
[Philadelphia Press, Jan. 12.]
Whether or not it be true that "misery likes company," most assuredly we of the North have plenty of company all over the country in our experience of cold weather. Even the Philadelphia North American of Wednesday says:

B-r-r-r-r-r. B-r-r-r-r-r. Goodness, but it's cold! So all humanity sighed yesterday, and as the words were uttered they became almost congealed by the intense cold. And it was cold! No one thought of going along at a snail-like pace. Everybody was running to get in out of the cold. Great coats, ear-tips and scarfs were in great demand, yet all seemed to shiver and shake as if attacked by chills and fever.

From time immemorial it has been claimed that those who indulge in bibulous exercise could be distinguished easily from the temperate by that certain and sure index, the nose. But yesterday was an exception. The temperance orator and the tippler were on the same plane. Nose, face and ears were painted a deep carmine by Boreas.

A reporter ventured up to the top floor of the Post-office to see Weather Observer Day last night. He was seemingly surprised when the remark was made that it was cold.

"Wait till to-morrow morning," he said, "and then you will have cause to complain. It is six degrees above the cipher now, but the mercury will fall below zero in the country districts near Philadelphia."

"That northwest wind you're talking about is sweeping through our streets at a velocity of nineteen miles an hour. This morning at eight o'clock the thermometer reached the highest point, being eighteen degrees above zero. But it took a sudden descent, and by noon it went to the eleven degree mark."

"Can't you promise us warmer weather?" was asked.
"It is milder in the far west, but I can't say that the wave will strike this city. The mean temperature to-day has been twenty, but it will be lower to-morrow."

"Up in lake regions at eight o'clock last night it was two degrees below zero; in New York city and Baltimore it was six degrees above, while in Washington it was two degrees higher."

"Ice is forming rapidly in the rivers, and if the severe weather continues much longer navigation will be choked."

The street car conductors and drivers suffered intensely. They found it a difficult matter to keep their blood in circulation. But "it is an ill wind that blows no one good." The city's treasury is to be fattened by fines that are to be collected from about one thousand persons who have failed to comply with the snow ordinance. The penalty imposed is \$5 and costs in each case. Magistrate Milligan will set the ball rolling on Saturday morning with a batch of hearings for the delinquents.

Chief Martin, of the Bureau of Street Cleaning, stated yesterday that the contractors were actively engaged with increased forces in removing the snow and ice from street crossings, which were made impassable by last week's heavy snow storm.

The Schuylkill river is frozen tight from shore to shore, and last night the ice on the Delaware was very heavy, and the ferry-boats had a time of it. If this weather lasts much longer the Delaware will soon be tight also.

BUSINESS ITEMS.

I was a sufferer from catarrh for fifteen years, with distressing pain over my eyes. I used Ely's Cream Balm with gratifying results. Am apparently cured.—Z. C. Warren, Rutland, Vt.

I suffered from a severe cold in my head for months and could get no relief. Was advised to use Ely's Cream Balm. It has worked like magic in its cure. I am free from my cold after using the Balm one week, and I believe it is the best remedy known.—Samuel J. Harris, Wholesale Grocer, 119 Front St., New York.
Jan 16 MWF&w2w

USE SKODA'S DISCOVERY.
The Great Blood and Nerve Remedy.

CHILDREN CRY FOR FITCHER'S CASTORIA
Feb 28 MWF&w 14

"Praise be to him, whose wondrous skill Has conquered every human ill— And now alone, as victor, stands The 'Golden' compound of his hands."

So spake a man, with tribute crowned, Of Dr. Pierce, the "world-renowned," Whose "Medical Discovery" Had vanquished pain and set him free.

One can but speak in praise of a remedy as efficacious and unfailing as Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Acting promptly and thoroughly, it produces permanent cures. Consumption, in its early stages, scrofula, liver and kidney disorders, and all blood diseases, are within the field of its unbounded success.
Jan 16 MTH&w

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became a Woman, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

MAINE RELANGE.

Defectives on the Track of Rascals in Western Maine.
Matters of Interest in Different Sections of the State.

Arrested.
George Bell, of Houlton, who has been lying in jail for the non-payment of due for selling liquor without a government license, was discharged by Commissioner Rand, Thursday, as his term of imprisonment had expired.

Comforted.
An old Portland smoker was made deathly ill by a cigar the other evening. A Middle-street cigar dealer explained it right away. "There was a hair rolled in that cigar. 'Twill make you sick every time."

The Labrador sailed Friday morning at six o'clock, from Portland, taking thirty cabin, twenty intermediate, and forty steerage passengers. She took also a large cargo, including 40,138 bushels of wheat in bulk, 7,637 bushels of oats, 10,676 bushels of peas, 1,900 barrels of Maine apples, 3,880 barrels of Canadian apples, 28 car loads of boxed meats, 12 cars of flour, 10 cars of oat meal, 30 cars of cheese, 400 cases of eggs and various other miscellaneous articles. She takes also about one hundred horses which came in on the Grand Trunk on a special train from Canada and were loaded directly from the cars. These horses were taken to England for use on the street car lines.

Boston inspectors are working in western Maine, securing evidence to be presented in the trial of a prisoner now under arrest in Boston, charged with robbing the United States mails. Some of the contents of the pouch thrown away by the thieves includes newspapers and West & Calderwood's check for \$28.07, payable to C. D. Boss & Co. The date of the check corresponds with the postmark on the envelope. The name of C. D. Boss was scratched out, and the detectives say that the party under arrest tried to induce an accomplice to write his name on it.

Franklin.
Capt. M. C. Ross, of Rangeley, is building a new steamboat to run on Rangeley lake next summer, which will be the largest boat on the lake. The captain is now in Boston, buying the machinery for it.

Oxford.
A story that two prisoners had lately attempted to escape from the Oxford county jail is pronounced a fabrication by the jailer, who says there is not a word of truth in it. Since the prisoners have been confined there they have been very quiet and orderly, and have made no effort to escape in any way. They are in a cell as secure as it can be made with granite and iron.

Somerset.
The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Pittsfield National Bank was held Tuesday, and elected directors as follows: Llewellyn Powers, Houlton; William R. Hunsell, Pittsfield; Nathaniel L. Perkins, Pittsfield; Henry C. Fuller, Houlton; John W. Manson, Pittsfield; A. P. McMaster, Pittsfield; E. F. Warner, Houlton; Gordon Dolman, Pittsfield; S. P. Jenkins, Newport. A. P. McMaster was re-elected President.

AGRICULTURAL.

The Inspection of Fertilizers.

The Maine correspondent of the Mirror and Farmer in commenting upon the action of the Board of Agriculture, says:

The Board of Agriculture has under contemplation important changes in the laws pertaining to the inspection of fertilizers which will meet the approval of every farmer. Heretofore the sampling of fertilizers for analysis at the experiment station has not taken place till March, or, in other words, not till the stock of commercial fertilizers for use during the approaching season has been placed on sale. Under this arrangement and with the large number of analyses to make and the considerable time required for each—sixty-four different brands of fertilizers having been analyzed in 1892, many of which three determinations, each, were made—it can at once be seen that it has been simply impossible for the station officials to make these analyses and publish the results for the guidance of farmers in time for the same to be of service to them in making purchases of fertilizers for use the same season. For as a matter of fact the results of this station work have not been published till long after the spring work on the farm is all done. The managers of the station and their officials have not been at fault in the matter; they have been doing their work just when they could, but it has naturally caused some criticism. It is to obviate this, and to give time for station results to be of real benefit to our farmers, that the change in the law is contemplated. This is to have fertilizers sampled in December or January, in order that they may be analyzed in ample season to have the results published before it is time for farmers to use them in the spring. Of course many farmers will continue to use certain brands on past reputation, or on results of good success with them in previous years, in which case they will purchase early in the winter so as to take advantage of good shelling to haul them from the station; but aside from this the proposed change in the law is a good one, and will conduce to improvement in many ways. Manufacturers of commercial fertilizers will place their goods upon the market earlier, the results of the station work will become more valuable to farmers; they will obtain their fertilizers earlier in the spring, and the whole work of the farm will be put upon a better basis so far as the use of purchased manures, spring seedling, and following the results of what science teaches is concerned. It is a forward move in the right direction, in which our State Board of Agriculture justly takes the lead.

Growing Tomatoes in Greenhouses.

The Ohio Experiment station has found that there is more profit in keeping the hothouses filled with lettuce during the greater part of the winter and holding back tomatoes for a spring and early summer greenhouse crop. In order to have plants ready to fill the houses as soon as the last crop of lettuce is out tomato seed is sown about the last week in December. Seed is sown in shallow boxes, not having more than two inches depth of soil. As tomatoes require considerable heat these seed boxes should be kept in a warm part of the greenhouse. Some after the plants have attained the second leaves they should be transplanted. For this purpose the same kind of shallow boxes are used as before, and in these the young plants

of the care of the crop consists in pruning and training. The plants must be tied to some support, and the tying must be repeated as often as required, as the plants increase in height. Stakes may be used for support, or strings may be tied to the rafters and the lower end fastened to short stakes driven near the plants and the plants tied to these strings. The side shoots near the base of the plants must be removed as they appear and the plants kept trained to single stalks, or if preferred two shoots may be allowed to start from each plant, but in any case the surplus suckers must be removed as they appear. This pruning hastens maturity and makes it possible to grow the plants within the narrow limits named. It is not necessary to remove any foliage unless it becomes diseased. Concerning varieties but little need be said. Almost any smooth fruited sort is suitable for the purpose. The extra early varieties are too rough and irregular for the purpose, as their close pruning seems to make the defect still more prominent. Acme, Favorite and Beauty are very satisfactory.

Oats for Milk Cows.

Oats are an excellent feed for milk cows. Prof. Cheeseman says: "In the East oat feed in all forms is expensive, even when grown on the farm; if sold, an oat crop would realize a good price. In seedling down to grass an oat crop might very properly be taken as a catch crop and be converted into oat hay; or a crop of peas and oats might be planted to still further vary the winter bill of fare for the cows. The oat crop is a most valuable adjunct to the feeder's resources. There is a combination in the oat plant which adds much to the flavor of milk, its cream and butter. Animals eating it are improved in health, give a more alkaline milk, which keeps longer and is more digestible than the ordinary kinds met with in the market. For a number of years Eastern farmers have been told that it did not pay to grow this or that cereal crop and it was cheaper to buy all grain supplies from the West, or from whoever will sell us. Our chief difficulty in grain growing is the soil limitations imposed upon us by the physical condition of our farms. Wherever land is available for growing corn and potatoes economically we may properly consider whether we may grow part of the more carbonaceous components of our grain ration. Land yielding two tons of hay, 20 tons of fodder corn, or 250 to 300 bushels of potatoes to the acre, may be counted on for a paying crop of oats or oat fodder, the aim under all circumstances being to produce the largest food yield at the least cost. If land is available it is quite possible to produce shelled oats at \$12 to \$15 per ton and sell the straw at a good price."

To Show the Cows.

The Maine State Agricultural Society makes the following extremely generous offer to the horsemen of Maine, one which should call out a hearty response. \$2,200 in guaranteed stakes are so far beyond the work of former years that competition for them should be active. They are divided as follows, for foals of 1890, 1891 and 1892, to be trotted during the Maine State Fair September 5, 6, 7 and 8, 1893.

Colts to be named April 1, 1893, when first payment falls due.
One or more to enter and start from the same stable.

Yearling stake, \$100.00—foals of 1892, half mile in 2 1/3, trotting, no distance.

Two-year-old stake, \$500.00—foals of 1891, mile heats, 2 in 3.

Three-year-old stake, \$500.00—foals of 1890, mile heats, 3 in 5.

Four-year-old stake, \$700.00—foals of 1889, mile heats, 3 in 5.

Conditions, 5 per cent. to enter and start in each above stake, payable as follows:

Yearlings, \$20.00. First payment, \$4.00; second, \$4.00; third, \$12.00.
Two-year-olds, \$25.00. First payment, \$5.00; second, \$5.00; third, \$15.00.
Three-year-olds, \$30.00. First payment, \$6.00; second, \$6.00; third, \$18.00.
Four-year-olds, \$35.00. First payment, \$7.00; second, \$7.00; third, \$21.00.

All payments to be made April 1, 1893, July 1, and August 15, when entries close for exhibition of 1893. Subscribers liable only for amount paid in. Money divided in all stakes, 50, 25, 15 and 10 per cent.

Entries and communications to be addressed to the Secretary, G. M. Twitchell, Augusta, Maine.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

is a positive cure for all those painful complaints and weaknesses so common among the

Ladies of the World.

It will entirely cure the worst forms of Female Complaints, all Ovarian Troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and Displacements of the Womb, and the consequent Spinal Weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel Tumors from the Uterus in an early stage of development, and check the tendency to Cancerous Humors.

It removes Fatigues, Dizziness, Flatulency, relieves Weakness of the Stomach, cures Headache, Bloating, Leucorrhoea, Nervous Prostration, Depression, Indigestion, and General Debility.

That Bearing-down feeling, causing pain, weight, and backache, is instantly relieved and permanently cured by its use.

It will under all circumstances act in perfect harmony with the laws that govern the female system.

For the cure of Kidney Complaints and backache in either sex it is unequalled.

An illustrated book, entitled "Guide to Health and Vigor," by Mrs. Pinkham, is of great value to ladies. It contains over 100 pages of most important information which every woman should know about herself, mailed free on receipt of a two-cent stamp.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, sent by mail, in form of Pills or Syrup, on receipt of \$1.00. On receipt of \$3.00, the Compound is sent by express, and a bottle of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills is added.

By mail, or of Druggists. Address in confidence, LYDIA E. PINKHAM, MED. CO., LYNN, MASS.



A Boston Boy's Eyesight Saved—Perhaps His Life

By Hood's Sarsaparilla—Blood Purified by Canker.

Read the following from a grateful mother: "My little boy had neuralgia when 4 years old and it left him very weak and with blood poisoned with canker. His eyes became so inflamed that his sufferings were intense and for seven weeks he

Could Not Open His Eyes.

I took him twice during that time to the Eye and Ear Infirmary on Charles street, but their remedies failed to do him the least shadow of good. I commenced giving him Hood's Sarsaparilla and it soon opened his eyes. I have never doubted that it saved his sight, even if not his very life. You may use this medicine in any way you choose. I am always ready to sound the praises of

Hood's Sarsaparilla

because of the wonderful good it did my son. ALICE F. BROWN, 2885 W. 11th St., Boston, Mass.

HOOD'S PILLS for blood and are for sale by druggists, or by mail on receipt of 25 cents.

A STOMACH LIKE AN INDIAN.

Why the Indians Never Have Dyspepsia, Yet are Careless Eaters.

No one can accuse an Indian of being careless in his eating habits. He eats what he likes, and with blood purified with canker. His eyes became so inflamed that his sufferings were intense and for seven weeks he

It was not very long before I was able to eat again.

When hunting or fighting I was able to eat without anything but nature's food.

He never felt any pain or discomfort.

We have tried much and it is the best.

A man must be able to eat and digest, or he cannot live.

He must be able to eat and digest, or he cannot live.

Very truly, your friend, H. H. H. H.

And so it is.

This is all very good advice. But it won't worry a man to death to eat and digest, and he can't do it if he has a stomach like an Indian's.

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Driving Shoes, for t

price low, consider
E. J. DAVIS

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ADVERTISING Bechtel and its energy unit by now are well established in the Middle East. The firm's work there has been growing steadily since it was first hired by Saudi Arabia in 1967 to build the King Abdul Aziz International Airport at Jeddah. Since then, regular advertising rates will be charged.

[illegible]

FOR SALE

1893.
Harper's Bazar.
UNOSTENTED

[illegible]

TO THE TROPICS.

ATTIAS LINE.

**Don't Wait a Day Longer
IF YOU WANT TO BUY A**

We have worked down our entire stock of
Cuffs and Pouch Straps at prices
unusually low, and if we have a garment
that you, you will be sorry I might miss
it.

—F

UP
trial

Signs of the times here.

MAINE NEWS.

TO BOOM MAINE.

Resolve to Put Maine to the Front at World's Fair.

[Special Correspondence Whig and Courier.]
AUGUSTA, Jan. 15. Hon. Samuel W. Matthews, Industrial and Labor Commissioner, is formulating a resolve, suggested by Hon. Henry Lord, of the Bangor Board of Trade, and others, providing \$1,000 to boom the State at the Columbian Exposition, by means of printing and circulating pamphlets giving labor statistics and illustrations calculated to promote the interests of the State.
The resolve will be presented to the Legislature early this week.

ICE IN PENOBSCOT BAY.

Vessels Caught in the Ice Assisted Out and Others Stuck.

ROCKLAND, Jan. 15. Jericho Bay and Hat Island passage are choked with floating ice and Deer Island thoroughfare is closed by an ice field five inches thick. The following vessels were assisted Saturday afternoon to dangerous positions: The American schooner Lizzie J. Small, New York bound for St. John, N. B.; the British schooner Willie D., of Yarmouth, bound for Meteghan, N. B.; the British schooner Mangum, bound for Meteghan.
The vessels were caught in the ice trying to sail through the eastern part of Deer Island thoroughfare. The revenue cutter cut a track through the ice and towed the vessels out and they proceeded. The cutter then opened a path through to Green Island but the steamer Castine from Bangor, following thirty minutes later was frozen in.
There is a great deal of ice in the bay, rivers and thoroughfares. Ten vessels have been assisted to clear the ice by the cutter.

NATIVE OF MAINE.

Death of Gen. Ingalls in New York.
NEW YORK, Jan. 15. Gen. Rufus Ingalls, U. S. A., retired, died here to-day. He was born in Denmark, Me., in 1820.

A BRIDE MAN.

Rescues Children at a Fire in Bedding Room.

MAINE, Jan. 15. Selden Farnsworth's house at Beddington was burned the cold Wednesday night of last week. The family had a narrow escape. A strong man rushed into the flames and tossed four small children out of a window into the snow and all were saved.

PENNSONS GRANTED.

Additional to Residents of Maine.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 15. The following persons have been granted to residents of Maine:

Original—Samuel O. Richardson, Henry Floyd Charles Frank, John Hodges, Charles H. H. French, Jos. Howard, Russell Gray, Thomas A. Jones, C. F. Conle, Roscoe G. Pulsifer, Andrew Mitchell, Horatio W. Irefethen, N. Porter, Albin Richardson, Valen Horton, Addison Craville, James, George W. Ryerson, Samuel Hanson.

A LONG SESSION.

And Only Four Indictments.
BELFAST, Jan. 14. The grand jury of Waldo county found four indictments for robbery, one for perjury and three for liquor. It was the longest session known.

HOUSE BURNED.

A Fire in Fort Fairfield.
FORT FAIRFIELD, Jan. 14. By a fire on the South road Friday night, the house and barn owned by George Norris, with the household goods and contents of the barn, including 15 tons of hay belonging to Thurlough A. Richards, were all destroyed. Cause and loss unknown.

FIRE RECORD.

The Debris Still Burning Saturday Night.

DETROIT, Mich., Jan. 14. The debris of the St. Louis hotel is still burning and so dense is the smoke and steam arising therefrom that the firemen can make no effort to recover the bodies of the two men who perished in the flames. It is thought the total loss will reach at least \$140,000. Insurance, \$100,000.

THAWING OUT DYNAMITE.

They Succeeded And It Killed Them.
UNIONTOWN, Pa., Jan. 14. This evening Joseph Graddock and an unknown workman were thawing dynamite in a tunnel on the State line extension of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad. The dynamite exploded, killing both and injuring several others.

FLEET OF COASTERS.

A New Navigation Company Chartered.
BOSTON, Jan. 14. A charter was issued to-day authorizing the incorporation of the New England Navigation Company, by several Boston gentlemen for the express purpose of building a fleet of large coasting vessels to ply along the coast, their charter giving them leeway from Eastport, Maine, to the Gulf, with a capital of \$250,000.

A BOLD ROBBERY.

Two Thieves Take Jewelry from a Boston Store.

BOSTON, Jan. 14. Two men entered the store of the American Jewelry Company, 19 to 25 Elliot street, this afternoon and began conversation about the purchase of a watch. One of the men left Manager O'Brien and his pal talking, and walked toward the front of the store, looking at the contents of a show case. Finally both men went out and half an hour after it was discovered that a tray containing eleven rings, set with diamonds, and valued at \$600, was missing. One of the men was about 35 years old and the other about 18.
Late to-night the police arrested Morris Corcoran, charged with being one of the thieves. He was overtaken when about to take a train on the Old Colony at the

Comfortable Day Experienced by An Inquiry in Senate Regarding Preparations for the the Patient Sunday.

The Physicians Give Good Reports Discussion Over the Proposed Thousands View Re Government Aid.

He Has Not Lost in Strength House Passes Bill Appropriating The Remains Lying Since Last Reports.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14. Mr. Blaine's physicians after a visit at 2.30 this afternoon, gave out the following bulletin: "Mr. Blaine passed a restless night but is now stronger and brighter than for several days past."

Up to 7.30 o'clock this evening neither doctor had returned to the house. The family were apparently very much encouraged at the improvement in the condition of Mr. Blaine to-day, and this evening this was evident by the fact that Miss Hattie Blaine and James G. Blaine, Jr., came out of the house for a few minutes airing and incidentally to indulge in the luxury of a snow-balling bout. Mrs. Eugene Hale made three visits to the house to-day.

This has been a Good Day for Mr. Blaine, the best passed in its entirety for two days. Dr. Johnston visited the house at 10 to-night, remaining only a few minutes. He said Mr. Blaine was stronger than yesterday and had passed an easy, comfortable day. Members of the family shared in this improvement, young James taking advantage of it to spend the evening out, and the young ladies receiving at home one or two intimate lady friends. But a few callers came during the evening, and at 11 o'clock, as usual, the house was closed for the night.

Dr. Johnston stated he would not return during the night unless sent for, and from indications he could see no occasion for it. Dr. Hyatt will not be there either. As for the past two nights either one or the other was constantly in the house. This should indicate that the physicians and family both consider Mr. Blaine stronger and better and in no immediate danger.

Mr. Blaine Passed a Good Sunday.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 15. The return of Sunday was looked for with some apprehension in connection with the illness of Mr. Blaine, for the severe relapses he has recently experienced occurred on that day. There were no developments to-day, other than favorable, and when Dr. Johnston left the house this evening, he said he should not return to-night unless especially summoned. The first callers of the day were Senator Hale and wife who came about 10.30 and remained half an hour. While they were in the house Dr. Hyatt and Johnson arrived to make their morning call.

Senator Hale told a reporter that Mr. Blaine passed the most comfortable night he had experienced for many days. At 11 the physicians appeared and handed the following statement to the reporters: "Mr. Blaine is as strong and well as yesterday."

Dr. Hyatt stated that the condition of the patient was such that he would not repeat his first visit unless called from the house. The wind is keen and cold, and as a result the callers at the house to-day were fewer than usual. James G. Blaine, Jr., with a friend and Miss Hattie went for a brief walk in the course of the afternoon. At 5 an inquiry at the door elicited the response that Mr. Blaine rested comfortably during the day, a statement which the absence of the doctors confirmed. At 5.50 Dr. Johnston drove up and remained until 6.35. As he left the house he stated that his patient passed a quiet, restful, uneventful day. There has been no appreciable change in his condition during the day and none is expected during the night.

Dr. Johnston stated that to all appearance Mr. Blaine had not lost any strength since the attack of last Thursday, and on the whole he regarded his condition as favorable as could be expected.

No Change.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 15. At midnight all was quiet at the Blaine mansion. At 2 A. M. there was no change.

SENATOR MCKENNA'S FUNERAL.
The Interment Occurred at Charleston, W. Va.

CHARLESTON, W. Va., Jan. 14. The funeral of Senator McKenna took place here this afternoon. Rev. Fr. Stenger officiating. The interment was at Mt. Olive cemetery.

The Congressional Committee that attended the remains from Washington were given a reception at the State capitol this afternoon by Governor Fleming, and will return to Washington to-night.

THE KANSAS CONTEST.
The Senate Recognizes Populist House.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 14. This afternoon by a vote of 22 to 18, the Senate adopted the Populist House concurrent resolution, thus officially recognizing that organization. Dunsmore, Populist Speaker, stated this afternoon when the House had been recognized by receipt of the Governor's message, a proposition will be submitted to the Republicans looking to a settlement of the difficulties between the Houses.

STAINED GLASS WINDOWS.
Are Works of Art, Say the Appraisers.

BOSTON, Jan. 14. The board of general appraisers have affirmed the decision in favor of Collector Beard, of the Boston custom house, in the matter of duty on stained glass windows imported for church purposes. The appraisers hold that windows are objects of art and were imported expressly for the Fortland church and sustain the collector in the assessment of duties at 45 per cent. ad valorem.

SENATOR STANFORD.
Has no Idea of Resigning.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14. Senator Stanford said to-day that the report that he is to resign from the Senate is untrue. He says his health is good and he does not consider he would be doing justice to his party or the country by resigning.

INTERESTING ACCIDENT.
An Immense Meteor Photographed.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Jan. 14. While photographing the Holmes comet at Ansonia on the evening of the 13th inst., Mr. John E. Lewis, an astronomer, was startled by a bright light at about 7.30. Upon developing the plate, which had been exposed to the constellations Andromeda from 7.19 to 7.53, the trail of an immense meteor was discovered, across the centre of the plate. The trail runs a little south of Beta Andromeda and almost directly over P. Andromeda, and runs in a northwesterly direction.

This meteor was seen by several persons within a radius of 20 miles of Ansonia, and is described as being intensely bright, the illumination being very vivid. It was seen to break, but was evidently too far away for the detonation to be heard. It is hoped that fragments of this meteor may be picked up in the northwestern part of the state, as the circumstances that it has been photographed lends unusual interest to the occurrence. The chances of so bright a meteor crossing the centre of a small plate are so exceedingly small that it is probably the first time on record.

It is hoped that persons who may have seen the meteor, and can describe its appearance with a fair degree of correctness, will communicate with John Lewis or Prof. H. A. Lewis, of Yale University. Another observation of the meteor's path, if it should be made, will be of great value.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

Secretary's Prediction.
New York, Jan. 14. Money easy; 3/4%.

SENATE.
WASHINGTON, Jan. 14. Mr. Wolcott offered a resolution in the Senate to-day instructing the Committee on Foreign Relations to inquire what sums have been expended in and about the construction of the Nicaragua canal since the accounts of expenditures heretofore rendered.

He remarks: That two years ago testimony was taken by the Committee on Foreign Relations, which showed that up to that time about \$3,000,000 had been expended; but now it was proposed to give to the company \$5,000,000 in bonds guaranteed by the government and \$12,000,000 of stock.

Mr. Sherman, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, said that he had no objection to the resolution. Two years ago, he said, the company had expended \$3,000,000, and had since then expended considerably more, but not so much as \$5,000,000. But the amount expended was to be ascertained by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Secretary of State, and the maximum to be turned over to the company in guaranteed bonds was not to exceed \$5,000,000.

The resolution was, at the suggestion of Mr. Morgan, laid over till Monday.

The resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Morgan, instructing the Committee on Commerce to inquire and report the advantage, if any, that would accrue to the productions, industries, coastwise and foreign commerce, immigration and other interests of the United States by means of the additional facilities of transportation, and the reduction of the cost thereof that would be afforded by the Nicaragua ship canal, was taken up, and Mr. Morgan addressed the Senate upon it.

In the course of his argument he said that logically the government of Great Britain had just as much right as the government of the United States had to charter the canal company and to take the control of it, which it was proposed that the United States should take.

Mr. Sherman asked Mr. Morgan to notice the objection made in some quarters that the owners of the \$12,000,000 of stock of the company would have an undue influence in the management of the corporation.

Mr. Morgan replied that in the pending bill the power of the government was reserved in control of the operations of the company. The government was to own \$50,500,000 of the \$100,000,000 of stock, and therefore have control, so far as the direction of the company was concerned.

Speaking of the provision of the bill for 10 government directors (out of 15), Mr. Morgan said that if the French government had had its own directors in the Panama Canal Company the robberies which had taken place, and which had disgraced and nearly destroyed the French republic, would not have been perpetrated.

At the conclusion of Mr. Morgan's speech the anti-option bill came up as a special order, but, in antagonism to it, Mr. Wolcott moved to proceed to the consideration of the first bill on the calendar.

Mr. Washburn demanded the yeas and nays, and no quorum was the result.

Mr. Wolcott then moved that the Senate adjourn. The vote showed the absence of a quorum; but, when the roll was called, 49 Senators, two more than a quorum, voted.

Mr. Sherman asked unanimous consent to have the vote on the anti-option bill taken next Wednesday, but Mr. Wolcott objected.

Mr. Washburn then gave notice that on Wednesday he should ask the Senate to remain in session until a vote was reached on the bill.

At 3.05 the Senate adjourned.

HOUSE.
In the morning hour the House resumed the consideration of the bill to promote the efficiency of the militia.

The morning hour passed without action on the measure, which resumed its place on the calendar.

The floor was then accorded to the Committee on Indian Affairs. The first bill called up was the one appropriating \$8,593,000 to ratify and confirm an agreement with the Cherokee nation.

The bill was passed. Adjourned.

REMARKABLE CASE.
A Child Suffered After Being Stricken with Paralysis.

HAVERHILL, Jan. 14. A four year old son of Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Coffin, of Bradford, died yesterday of paralysis. He was stricken about four weeks ago, and since that time a slow ossification of his body has taken place. The doctors who were called in consultation, declared it to be the only case of the kind they have ever heard of.

RECKLESS DRIVING.
Leads to a Hackman's Death.

WORCESTER, Mass., Jan. 14. John Pozoga, a hackman of Hotel Winchendon, was run over and this morning near the railroad passenger station at Winchendon while attempting to drive across the track.

SCHOONER CAPTIZED.
Found Floating Bottom up by the Costa Rica.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 14. The steamer Costa Rica, from Nansaimo, reports that yesterday she passed the wreck of the schooner Volant, bottom upward. It is thought she capsize during the storm Christmas morning, and that Capt. A. I. Peterson, Mate Thompson and Larson and five men went to the bottom. It is thought the bark Majestic also went down in the same storm. She was old and heavily loaded with coal. She had 11 in crew.

A MURDEROUS ASSAULT.
Upon Constables by Desperate Men.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Jan. 14. Some months ago Joseph Pallatier, of Madawaska, N. B., was arrested for destroying the tombstone on his wife's grave. He was tried in the supreme court and found guilty, but he disappeared before sentence was imposed.

A few days ago Pallatier concealed himself in his own house, and Constables Maxime and Martin proceeded to arrest him. Maxime ascended the stairs to a dark room and was struck on the head with a bar of iron and knocked senseless.

Martin sprang to his assistance, and his head was split open by the same instrument in the hands of Pallatier, who then escaped to the American side, where he still is.

MONTANA SENATORSHIP.
A Ballot on Saturday Results in No Choice.

HELENA, Mont., Jan. 15. The ballot for United States Senator resulted: Sanders, 23; Clark, 24; Dixon, 8; Collins, 2. No choice.

LOWELL, Mass., Jan.

talks of but one subject, the funeral of Gen. Butler. He will place Monday afternoon, in the room of his residence, a body, with the stars and stripes on the coffin. Flowers great quantities from a country. One train of pieces to-day. There is a bag on the General's mustache is waxed cardboard clothed in a dress where there is a flower in his plaster cast of the face with the private funeral service at the residence to-morrow. Then the body will be taken to B. F. Butler Post 42, G. I. Hall where it will Monday noon.

The hall interior is in a ray of light can get in and the only light will be the only wood veterans will form a guard militia funeral party. On Monday military funeral party, sixth Regiment, Troop E Battery C, light artillery posts of G. A. R. and all civil societies of the city and staff, Gov. Smith, of and staff, and delegates from the Boston and Lowell Governments will be present.

A Great Crowd to View.
LOWELL, Mass., Jan. 15. Butler's late residence on at 0.30 this morning the services were held. R. Chamber, of St. Anne's E read the office for the people there were the fair friends. There was no clergyman.

After the ceremony looked upon the general. The body was escorted Hall, where it is to lie in attachment from Post 42, G. draped standards and rev streets were crowded as passed and a great crowd be admitted to the hall. When the crowd was a hall, they almost carried hinges. They struggled bowled over the police restrain them. (Shouts at the echoes of the hall wh way. Down in the street people pressed forward the doors open. All t steady stream of people p in the afternoon the do and the officers had an ho they were re-opened. order was maintained. unable to get in. In the woman had a leg broken.

FOREIGN.

Heavy Storm in England.

LONDON, Jan. 15. A h the northwest is sweeping Snow, sleet, and high wiu the coast. Many small a ping along the coast are steamer Brighton, belongi ton Railway Company, tween New Haven and Di ling was crushed into the The storm was so blind could not see beyond the hole was stove in the bow gage was got off, when t under. No one was lost. Off Dartmouth five pilot while trying to put a man ter. The cutter was when the gig approached caught the gig and lifted water. All seven occupan out of the gig and but tw

Wholesale Produce.

Corrected semi-weekly by the SATD.

STATE LAW REGARDING WHEAT:
A bushel of Liverpool oak sh and a bushel of Turks Island pounds.

The standard weight of a bu good order and fit for shipping. The standard weight of a 5 b good order, and fit for shipping wheat, bests, ruta baga turn pounds, of corn, 56 pounds, of of carrots, English turnips, rye 56 pounds, of barley and buel of oats, 52 pounds, or even m ment.

COUNTRY PROD.
BRANS—Improved Yellow Eye, 4 bush Pea, hand picked, 4 bush..... BUTTER—Choice new roll, 4 3 Fair to good..... CHEESE—Best Factory, 4 1/2 (new) Best Dairy, 4 1/2 (new) DRIED APPLES—Choice string, 4 1/2 Choice sliced EGGS—Fresh laid, 4 doz..... HAY—Best loose, new, 1600..... FEAS—Improved, 4 bush..... Best Canada, whole..... POTATOES—New, 4 bush..... PORK—Round hog, 4 1/2 POULTRY—Chickens, Spring, 4 1/2 Fowls ONIONS—4 Barrel Bermuda Broadstake, Grs

OATMEAL—Best Scotch, 4 1/2 Best Irish Best Canada RYE MEAL—4 1/2 GRAIN FLOUR—BUCKWHEAT FLOUR..... SUGAR—Granulated, 4 1/2 CORN—Country clear, 4 1/2 Western..... LARD—Bulk, from stoves, 4 1/2 Home in cails.....

RETAIL PRICES C:
SALT—Bangor, ground, in boxes, 4 1/2 b English underground, in 144 b bags, 4 1/2 Liverpool, 4 bush Turks Island.....

SHERRING—English, sealed, in boxes, 4 1/2 b RAISINS—Loose Muscatels, 4 1/2 London layers..... Sultana Valencia.....

QUININE—English, 4 1/2 KEROSENE OIL—100 test, 7 gallon..... 120 test, 7 gallon..... VINEGAR—Pure cider, 7 gallon..... Pure W. W.....

PEAS—Best Spring Harard, 4 barrel. Best St. Louis Good family..... COAL—Full weight..... COGNAC—40 lbs. to bushel..... COTTON SEED MEAL—40 lbs. to bushel.....

OATS—40 lbs. to bushel..... CORN—40 lbs. to bushel..... SUGAR—40 lbs. to bushel.....

WHEAT—40 lbs. to bushel..... RYE—40 lbs. to bushel..... BARLEY—40 lbs. to bushel.....

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